

Snack Handbook for School Age Child Care Programs





Introduction: Welcome to the Snack Handbook for School Age Child Care Programs!

We have compiled these materials to help you provide easy, interesting and nutritious snacks that meet Washington State Minimum Licensing Requirements and USDA/CACFP regulations. Included in this handbook you will find types and quantities of foods to be served as well as specific menu ideas. All menu ideas are ready to use and also include portion sizes. For those creating their own menus, we have included information on the use of juice and water plus guidelines for choosing healthier bread, grain products and crackers.

This handbook was written and compiled by nutritionists in the Child Care Health Program, Public Health Seattle-King County. Child Care Health Program staff offer health promotion and disease prevention services to child care providers throughout Seattle and King County. Nutritionists are available to assist child care providers with food safety and sanitation, menu planning, mealtime environment, and nutrition education for children, staff and parents. Our multi-disciplinary team also includes public health nurses and a psychologist who offer on-site and telephone consultation, training and health education. To talk with a nutritionist or to learn more about our services, please call us at (206) 263-8262 or visit our website at www.kingcounty.gov/health/childcare.

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Snacks: How Much Do Children Need?

CHILD AND ADULT CARE FOOD PROGRAM MEAL PATTERN FOR CHILDREN

Ages 6-12

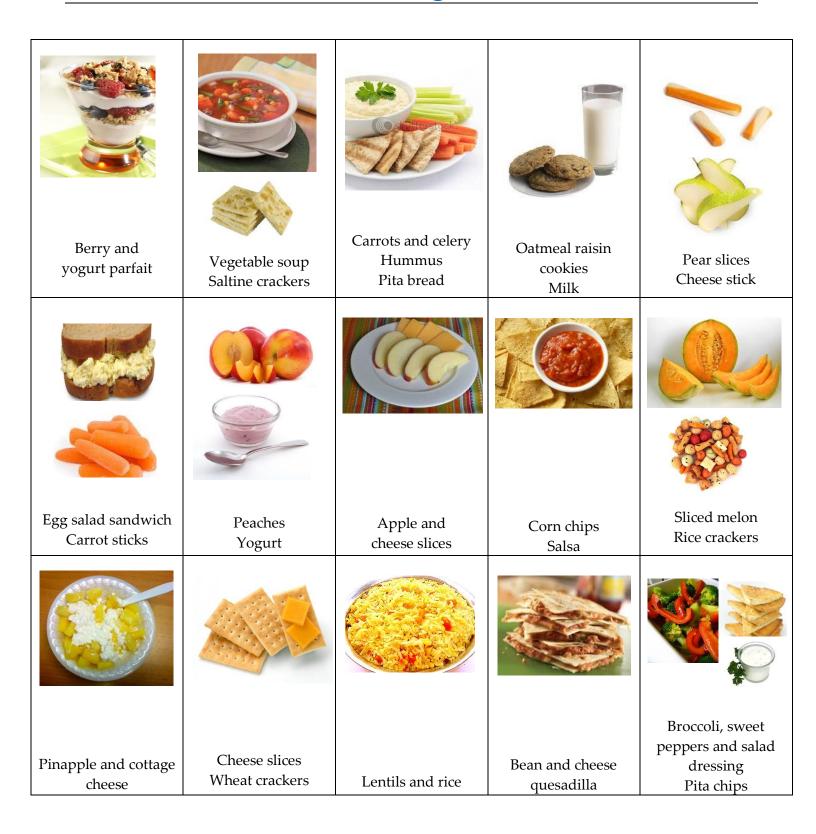
Snacks or Supplements:	USDA/CACFP		
Plan foods from at least 2 different	Minimum Portion Sizes		
groups			
Milk	1 cup or 8 oz.		
Fluid milk (must be 1% or non-fat)			
Fruit/Vegetable	³ / ₄ cup or 6 oz.		
100% Juice, fruit, and/or vegetable			
Grains/Bread			
Must be whole grain or enriched or			
fortified			
Bread or	1 slice		
cornbread or biscuit or roll or muffin or	1 serving		
cold dry cereal or	³ / ₄ cup		
hot cooked cereal or	½ cup		
pasta or noodles or grains	½ cup		
Meat/Meat Alternate			
meat or poultry or fish or	1 oz.		
alternate protein product or	1 oz.		
cheese or	1 oz.		
egg or	½ egg		
cooked dry beans or peas or	¹⁄4 cup		
peanut or other nut or seed butters or	2 tbsp.		
nuts and/or seeds or	1 oz.		
yogurt	4 oz.		

Select 2 of the 4 components shown. If you select milk as one of the components, you may not serve fruit juice as the other component.

The amounts listed above are the minimum amounts to be served. You may find that you will want, or need to serve more to meet the needs of the children in your care.

Water should be made available to children to drink upon their request. Drinking water must be made available to children during meal times. Facilities are encouraged to serve water with snacks when no other beverage is being served, and in place of other high calorie, sweetened beverages (juice drinks, soda, sports drinks, etc.).

Snack Ideas for School Age Children



Quick Nutritious Snacks

A Six Week Rotating Snack Menu for Children Ages 6-12

1% or nonfat milk is recommended. Water should be made available to children to drink upon their request.

- 1. 11 animal crackers and ½ cup low fat yogurt.
- 2. 1 bagel and ¾ cup pineapple or nectarines, *plus jelly*.
- 3. ¼ cup refried bean dip and crisped pita bread wedges (1 pita), plus milk*.
- 4. ¼ cup raisins, ½ cup celery and 30 oyster crackers, *plus nut butter or milk**.
- 5. 1 muffin and ¾ cup melon.
- 6. 1 slice garlic bread and 1 oz. 100% mozzarella cheese.
- 7. 16 Teddy Grahams and ¾ cup peaches.
- 8. 1 slice focaccia bread and ¾ cup fresh orange wedges.
- 9. ³/₄ cup apple slices and 1 oz. egg salad.
- 10. 1 slice pumpkin bread and 1 cup milk*.
- 11. ¾ cup low fat cottage cheese and ¾ cup pears or apricots.
- 12. 1 slice zucchini bread and 1 cup milk*.
- 13. 1 whole wheat flour tortilla rolled with 1 oz. 100% meat deli slice.
- 14. 3 graham cracker squares and ¾ cup banana or plums.
- 15. ¾ cup orange slices, 3 Rye Krisp triple crackers.

- 16. ¼ cup hummus, ¾ cup cucumbers and carrots, and water, plus whole wheat pita bread sliced in wedges.
- 17. 1 slice banana bread and 1 cup milk*, *plus lite cream cheese*.
- 18. ¼ cup tuna salad, 1 whole wheat English muffin, and water.
- 19. ¾ cup fruit salad, 8 vanilla wafers, and water, *plus milk**
- 20. ½ cup low fat yogurt and ¾ cup berries (fresh or frozen).
- 21. ³/₄ cup cold (steamed) broccoli and jicama sticks and 11 reduced fat wheat thins, *plus dressing*.
- 22. 1 muffin and 1 cup milk*.
- 23. ¾ cup low fat cottage cheese and ¾ cup peaches.
- 24. 1 cup mix: oyster crackers, small pretzels and Chex cereal, and ¾ cup orange wedges.
- 25. 1 slice raisin bread and ¾ cup banana, plus milk.
- 26. ¾ cup grapes or kiwi and 7 saltine squares, *plus milk**.
- 27. 1 oz. 100% Monterey jack cheese and 1 soft bread stick *plus spaghetti sauce (for dipping)*.

- 28. ¾ cup applesauce (unsweetened) and ¾ cup low fat granola, *plus milk**.
- 29. 1 square corn bread and ¾ cup mandarin oranges or tangerines.
- 30. 1 whole wheat roll and ¾ cup apple slices, *plus jelly*, *nut butter or cream cheese*.
- 31. Yogurt parfait ½ cup low fat yogurt, ¾ cup berries or other fruit (fresh or frozen), and ¼ cup low fat granola. Make layers of yogurt, fruit, and granola.

Foods or beverages stated after the word "plus" enhance the snack but are not required. Larger portions of all foods are permitted and encouraged.

Sample Nut-Free Snack Menu for School Age Children

AM or PM SNACKS Choose foods from 2 groups	MON	TUES	WED	THURS	FRI
GRAIN Bagels, assorted crackers, bread, tortillas, pita bread, cereal, vanilla wafers, Graham crackers	Crispy pita bread/chips Hummus Water	Orange smiles Trail Mix: (cereal, sesame sticks, pumpkin seed, dried fruit) Water	Melon Slices Granola Bar – peanut free (Nature's Way) Water	Cheese Stix Pear slices Wheat-thin crackers Water	Wheat Thins Fruit Salad (grapes, apple, pear, oranges, kiwi) Milk or water
FRUIT OR VEGGIE Fresh, canned, frozen, whole, sliced, chunks, salads, platters, with dips and in smoothies, 100% fruit veggie juice	Corn Chips Bean Dip Salsa Water	Apple slices or chunks Cheese stick or slice Water	Banana Cereal Bar Milk	Pretzels or sesame sticks Satsuma or tangerine (seasonal) Milk	Raw Carrots/Broccoli Ranch dressing Bread Sticks Water
MEAT/MEAT ALTERNATE Sliced deli cuts, egg and tuna salad, nut butters, seeds, bean dips MILK	Tortilla Roll-ups: (Small Flour Tortilla, Cream cheese, sliced turkey, shredded lettuce, tomatoes) Water	Pineapple chunks Cottage Cheese Water	Sunbutter w/apple slices Milk	Make-it-yourself Pizza: (English muffin, tomato sauce, grated cheese, toppings of choice) Juice or milk	Fruit Smoothies Triscuit Crackers Water
Milk, yogurt, cheese, cottage cheese, pudding, ice cream, in dips, spreads, fruit smoothies and shakes	Nachos: (Corn Chip, Melted Cheese, Bean dip) Salsa	Kale Chips (homemade) Bread Sticks Marinara sauce Milk	Salad (w/chopped veggies and sunflower seeds) WW roll or bread stix Ranch Dressing Milk	Granola – peanut free (or home-made) Yogurt Berries Water	Melon slices Cheese stick Water

Beyond Crackers

Breads and other grain products to include in school age child care snacks



Item	Serving Size		
Bagels	1		
Small Bagels	2		
Bao: Chinese Steamed Bun	1		
Biscuit	2		
Bread Sticks (dry)	4 (1.5 oz.)		
Bread Sticks (soft)	1 (2 oz.)		
Buns	1		
Cereal Cold, Low Sugar	³ / ₄ cup		
Cereal, Hot	½ cup		
Corn Bread	1 oz.		
English Muffin	1		
French Bread or Baguette	1 slice		
Injera (Ethiopian flat bread-10" round)	1/2		
Matzo	1		
Muffins	1		
Pancakes (4 ")	1 (1 oz.)		
Pasta (spaghetti, noodles, macaroni)	½ cup		
Pita Bread	1		
Popcorn (air popped)	2 cups		
Pretzels (soft)	2 oz.		
Pretzels (hard)	1.5 oz.		
Quick Breads (pumpkin, zucchini, banana, applesauce)	1 slice (2 oz.)		
Raisin Bread	1 slice		
Rice	½ cup		
Rolls	1		
Rye Bread	1 slice		
Tortillas- Corn,	1		
Whole Wheat or White Flour (6 ")			
Whole Grain Breads	1 slice		
Can be made into cinnamon toast, French toast, cheese			
toast, bread puddings, etc.			

Fruit Instead of Juice!

Studies show that children don't get enough fruit during the course of the day. The U.S. Dietary Guidelines Committee suggests eating whole fruits and limiting fruit juices. Whenever possible, choose fruits over fruit juices!

Why fruit instead of juice?

Fruit provides healthy fiber which fills you up with fewer calories and may help prevent disease. Fiber is lost when fruit is made into juice.

- Fruit juices are high in sugar and calories and can promote weight gain and cavities.
- The higher amount of calories from juice may take the place of more nutritious foods.
- Processing fruit into juice means losing high levels of potassium and Vitamin C

While it comes from fruit, 100% fruit juice still contains a lot of natural sugar. Although it is considered healthier than soda, one cup of juice has as much sugar as one cup of cola!



Juice is still a better option than soda, which has no nutritional value.

Did you know...?

You'd have to drink 18 glasses of apple juice to get the 3 ½ grams of fiber contained in 1 apple! An apple has 81 calories. An 8 oz. glass of apple juice has 117 calories. Which is more filling?

If you do serve juice...

- Serve 100 % orange juice. It has lots of Vitamin C and folic acid and is the healthiest of the juices.
- Serve no more than 6 oz. of juice per child per day. Beyond that, serve water for thirst.
- Serve them occasionally since most juices provide "empty calories".
- Dilute with water, or use a splash of juice for added flavor in a glass of water
- Avoid juice "Drinks" which contain added sugar/corn syrup and artificial flavors

What to serve instead of juice?

- Fruit and vegetables: raw, cooked, frozen, or canned in their own juice instead of syrup.
- Serve water as a beverage with the 2 component snack.

Vitamin C Food Sources

The Washington Minimum Licensing Requirements for child care programs requires serving a good source of Vitamin C at *least once a day*. Serve fruit or vegetables as the daily Vitamin C source most often. When juice is used to meet Vitamin C needs, offer juice naturally high in Vitamin C, such as orange, pineapple, or combination fruit juices. Minimize juice to two servings a week. Serve water at snack time as a beverage when foods from 2 other food groups are offered.

- Kiwi
- Cantaloupe, Honeydew, Watermelon
- Apricots
- Grapefruit
- Guava
- Honeydew melon
- Pummelo
- Lychees
- Mandarin orange
- Mango
- Orange
- Prickly Pear
- Papaya
- Tangerine/Satsumas
- Raspberries, Blackberries, Strawberries
- Apple, grape or other Vit. C fortified juice
- Pineapple, mango or orange juice

- Asparagus
- Bell peppers (green, yellow, orange or red)
- Beans, Yellow Snap
- Broccoli
- Brussel sprouts
- Cabbage, red and green
- Cauliflower
- Kale, Collard greens, Spinach
- Kohlrabi
- Potato, baked or boiled in skin
- Salsa
- Sweet potato, baked or boiled
- Tomato
- Radishes
- Vegetable juice cocktail



Vitamin A Food Sources

The Washington Minimum Licensing Requirements for child care programs requires serving a plant source of vitamin A at least 3 times a week. (1/4 cup provides 10% or more of the daily needs for a 4-8 year old.)

- Apricots
- Cantaloupe
- Mangos
- Necterines
- Peaches
- Sour cherries (water-packed)
- Mixed vegtables, with carrots and broccol
- Broccoli

- Carrots
- Pumpkin
- Spinach
- Tomato paste
- Sweet potatoes or Yams
- Winter squash
- Greens (mustard, collard, turnip)



Water: It Does a Child's Body Good!

Children should have access to drinking water throughout the day. Serving water teaches children that it's okay to drink beverages that are not colored, flavored or sweetened.

Water is healthy!



Drinking water...

- Helps the body to function properly
- Helps prevent constipation and get rid of waste from the body
- Prevents dehydration

Be sure to offer water after children have had any active playtime.

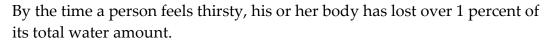
Creative ways to increase water intake

- Serve in festive, fun or fancy glasses
- Add a slice of lemon/lime/orange for added flavor
- Try mineral and seltzer water
- Dilute fruit juices with half water or add a splash of fruit juice to water
- For older children: add ice or use straws

Try to avoid purchasing individualized plastic water bottles which are expensive and pollute the environment.

Did you know?

You can drink over 4,000 glasses of tap water for the price of a six-pack of your favorite cola.









FOR MORE INFORMATION:

Child Care Health Program
Public Health – Seattle & King County
400 5th Ave., Suite 1000
Seattle, WA 98104
Phone: (206) 263-8262

Fax: (206) 205-6236

www.kingcounty.gov/health/childcare

This booklet is available in alternate formats upon request.

